Data management
based on Metadata

Daniel Jacob - Maggot – INRAE

Data Management Plan

How does the management of data is it funded, especially in the long term?

Resources

What does the project consist of?
Who are the partners?
What policy on data management?
Who is responsible for the management of data?

Responsibilities in the project

What data will be produced/used during the course of the project (type, format, volume and increase...) ?
How will they be produced?

Data collection

Who will be the owner of the data produced?
How will they be used?

Intellectual Property

How, where, by whom, will be stored, backed up and secured the data?

Data backup

Who will be able to access the data? The data will they be shared? published? With whom? How?
How long does it take? Under which license?

Data Access and Data sharing

How will the data be identified, described? What metadata standards will be used?
How will the metadata be generated?

Data Documentation

What is the plan for long-term archiving and preservation?

Data Archiving

Planning must be followed by implementation and therefore concrete actions

Data management

Being able to easily describe your data (descriptive metadata)

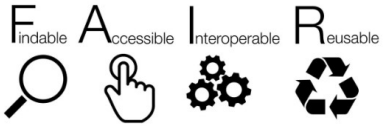
- with its professional vocabulary
- without tedious entries
- without having to re-enter the same information each time
- by associating external resources (links)

Being able to easily manage your data

- by limiting data loss (after the departure of temporary staff)
- by sharing only metadata
- be able to easily find data (from metadata)
- be able to provide access to data if necessary
- be able to distribute them without having to re-enter everything

Ensuring metadata follows FAIR principles

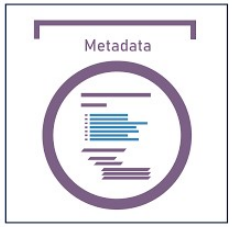
- Respect a standard (metadata schema)
- Use controlled vocabulary consistent with your domain (thesaurus, ontologies)
- Be at least “Findable, Accessible & Interoperable”



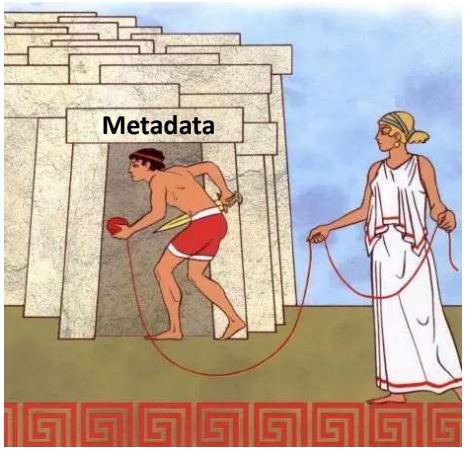
Data management

The Ariadne's thread …

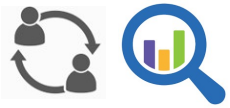
Organize
Your workspace
(storage, backup, naming, …)



Describe your data
(metadata)



Share & Search data/metadata
(metadata)



Publish your data
(with metadata)

Data management

The Ariadne's thread …

Organize
Your workspace
(storage, backup, naming, …)

Share & Search data/metadata
(metadata)

Publish your data
(with metadata)

Standards & Terminologies
4 FAIR pillars

Guidelines | Terminologies | Identifiers | Formats

Metadata

Describe your data
(metadata)

Metadata schema

The Dataverse Project | zenodo

(what to describe)

Controled Vocabulary

OntoPortal | SKOSMOS

Dictionaries

AgroPortal, BioPortal,
VOINRAE, LOTERRE, ONTOSTACK,
…

(How to describe)

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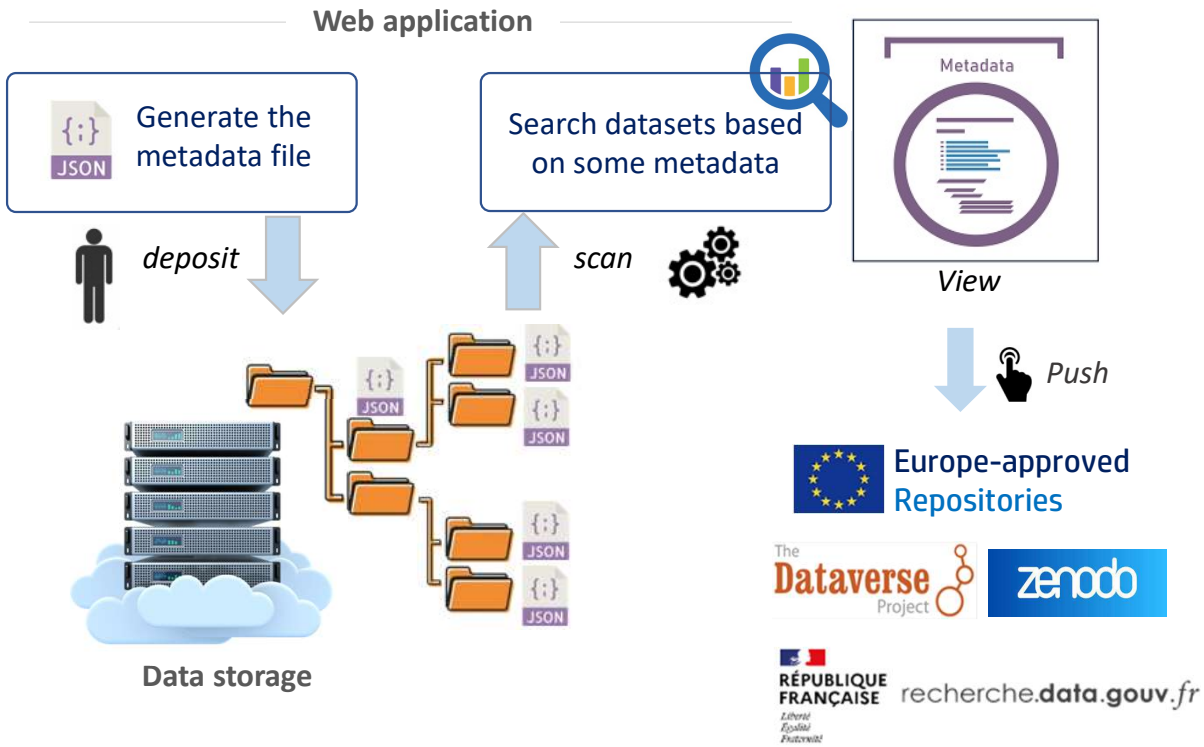
Metadata aggregation on data storage

An ecosystem for metadata management



Describe metadata
with controled vocabulary

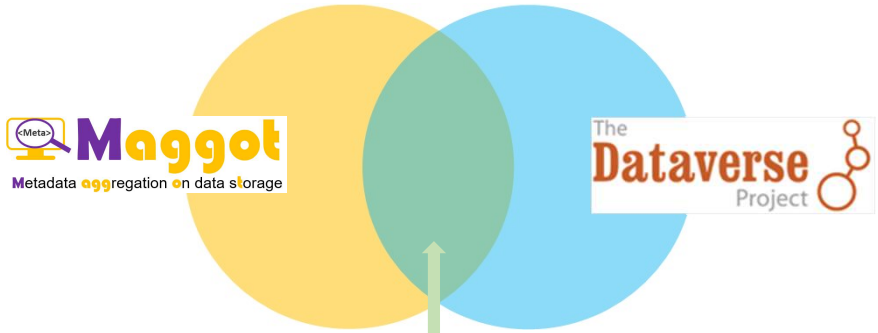
Share & Search metadata / data

Publish metadata
… with data

Describe metadata

Metadata Schema

Choose a schema common to « Dataverse »



Metadata schema (standard)

DDI®

Data Document Initiative

DEFINITION
MANAGEMENT
STATUS
DESCRIPTORS
OTHER
…

Common Metadata
title, description, alternativeURL, contacts, authors, collectors, curators, members, depositor, leader, subject, keywords, topics, kindOfData, dataOrigin, lifeCycleStep, publication, otherReferences, grantNumbers, project, …

Specific Profile Metadata
…

Life Sciences Metadata
Geospatial Metadata
Journal Metadata
Semantic resource
…

Describe metadata

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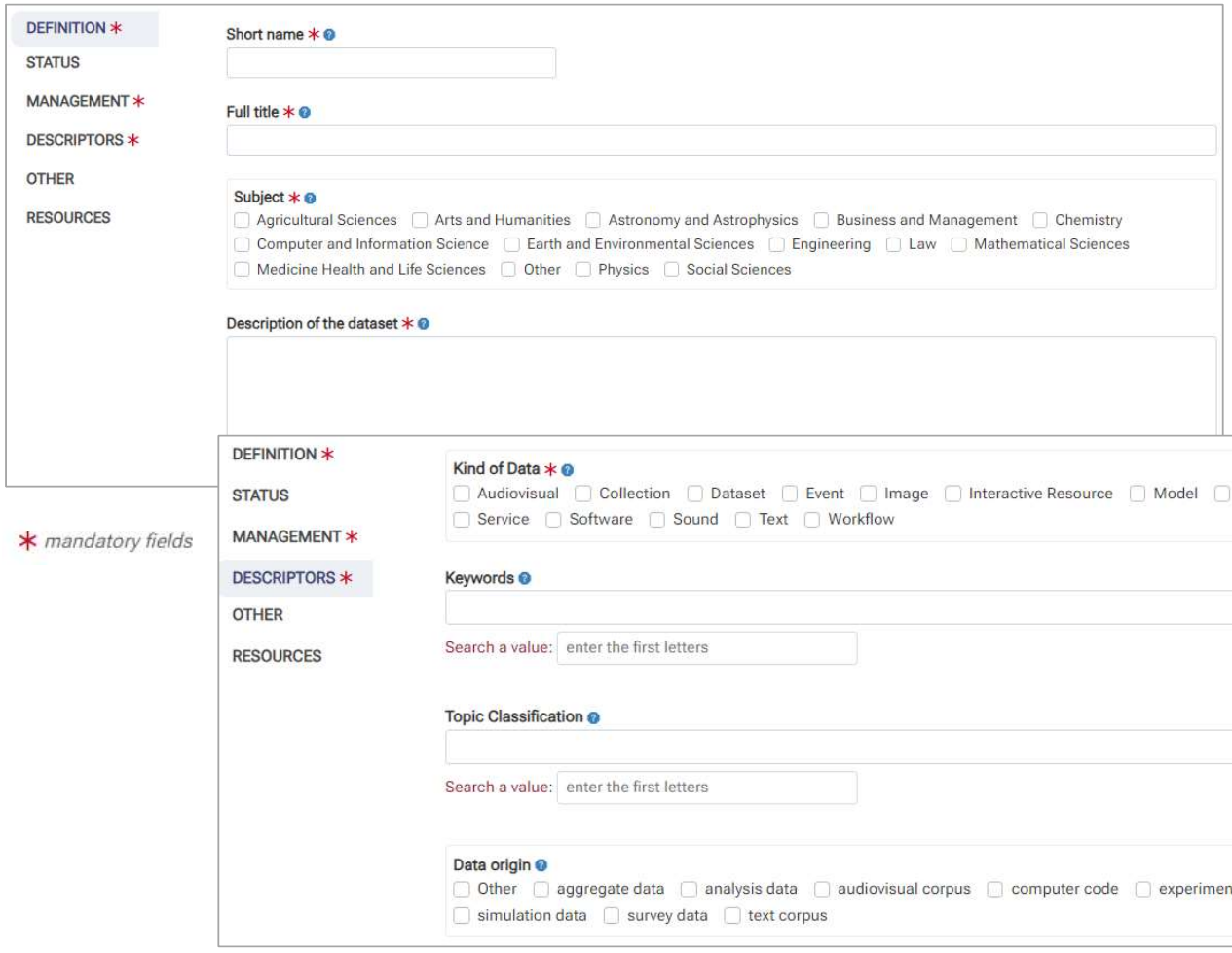
Metadata aggregation on data storage

Guidelines
Metadata Schema



* mandatory fields

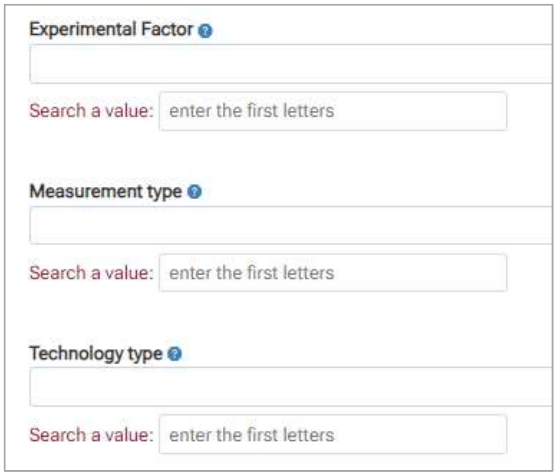
Schema common to « Dataverse »

Common Metadata

title, description, alternativeURL, contacts, authors, collectors, curators, members, depositor, leader, subject, keywords, topics, kindOfData, dataOrigin, lifeCycleStep, publication, otherReferences, grantNumbers, project, …

Mandatory fields
Recommended fields
Desirable fields

Specific Profile Metadata



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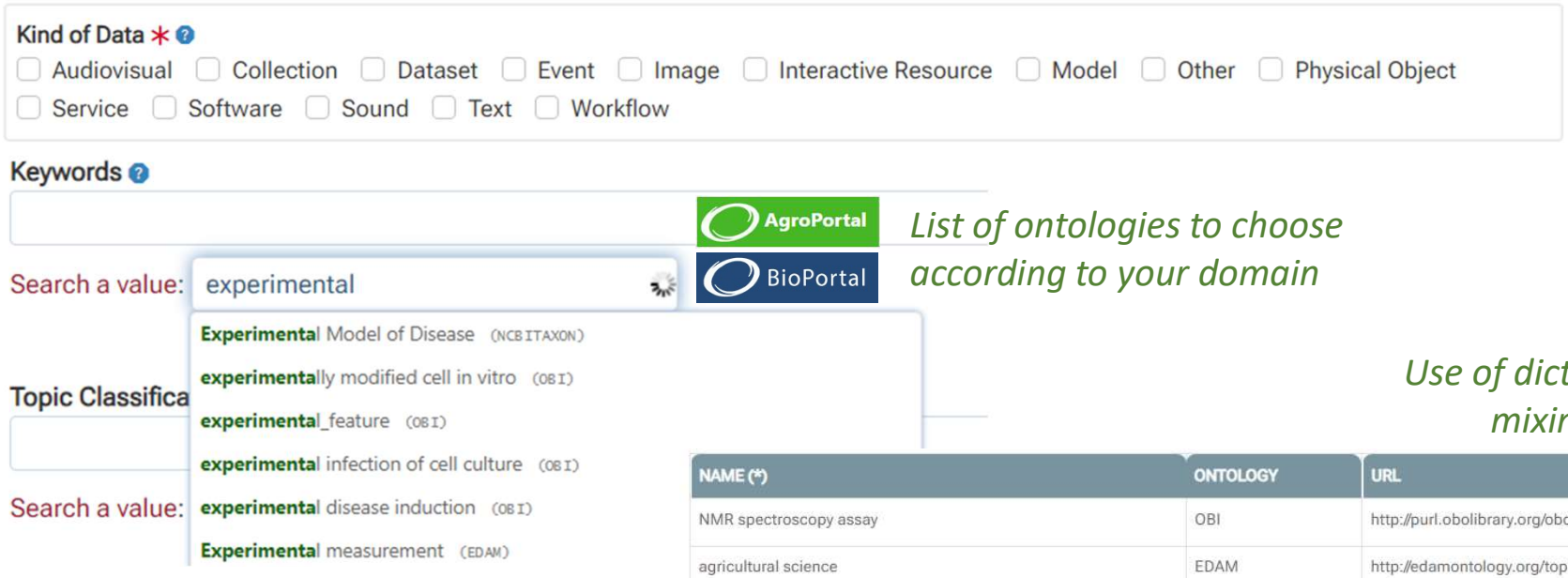
Metadata aggregation on data storage

Controlled vocabulary

Terminologies
Controled Vocabulary

List of well-chosen and limited CVs (according to a reference e.g. Data Document Initiative)



List of ontologies to choose according to your domain

Use of dictionaries to target the CV by mixing thesaurus and ontologies

NAME (*)	ONTOLOGY	URL	Add new
NMR spectroscopy assay	OBI	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/OBI_0000623	Edit Del
agricultural science	EDAM	http://edamontology.org/topic_3810	Edit Del
amino acid	IOBC	http://purl.jp/bio/4/id/200906089657456524	Edit Del
analyte assay	MS	http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/OBI_0000443	Edit Del
biochemical analysis	IOBC	http://purl.jp/bio/4/id/200906072808564316	Edit Del
biochemical characterization	IOBC	http://purl.jp/bio/4/id/201306093820876862	Edit Del
biochemical composition	IOBC	http://purl.jp/bio/4/id/201106016579695836	Edit Del
biochemistry	EDAM	http://edamontology.org/topic_3292	Edit Del

Thesaurus SKOSMOS

(VOINRAE, LOTERRE, ONTOSTACK, …)

V.O. INRAE VOCABULAIRES OUVERTS

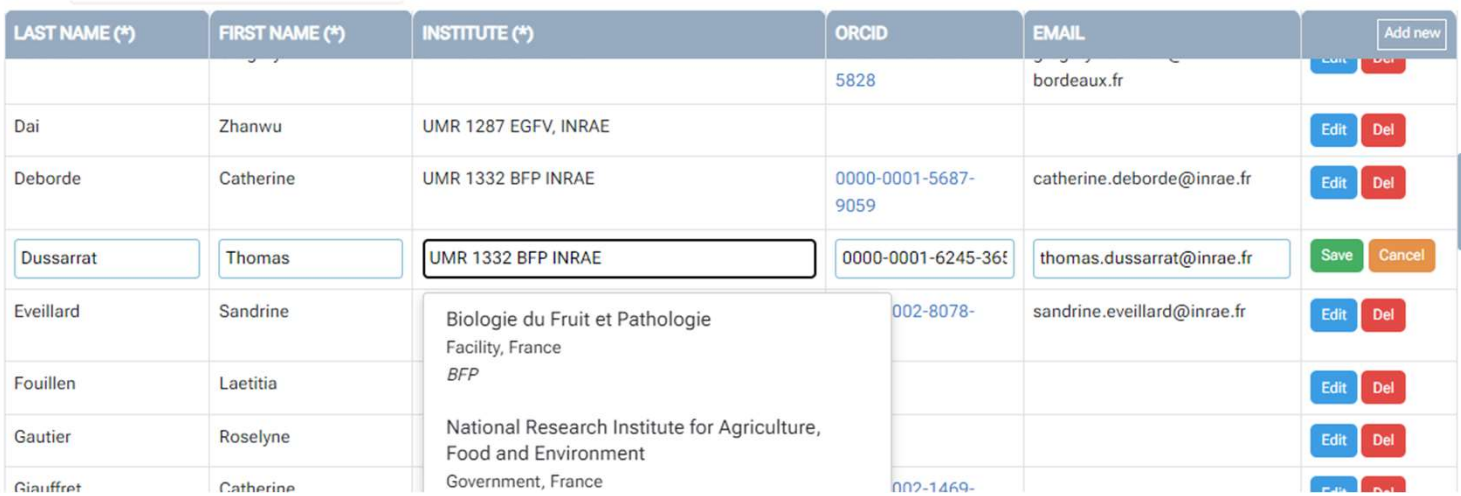
Building a vocabulary

https://vocabulaires-ouverts.inrae.fr/construire/

Dictionaries

people, grant, producer, vocabulary, …

The use of **dictionaries within Maggot** has no other purpose to facilitate the entry of metadata, entry which can be long and repetitive in generalist data warehouses (such as repository based on Dataverse).



Dictionaries allow you to record multiple information necessary to define an entity, such as the names of people, or even the funders.

Its information, once entered and saved in a file called a dictionary, can be subsequently associated with the corresponding entity.

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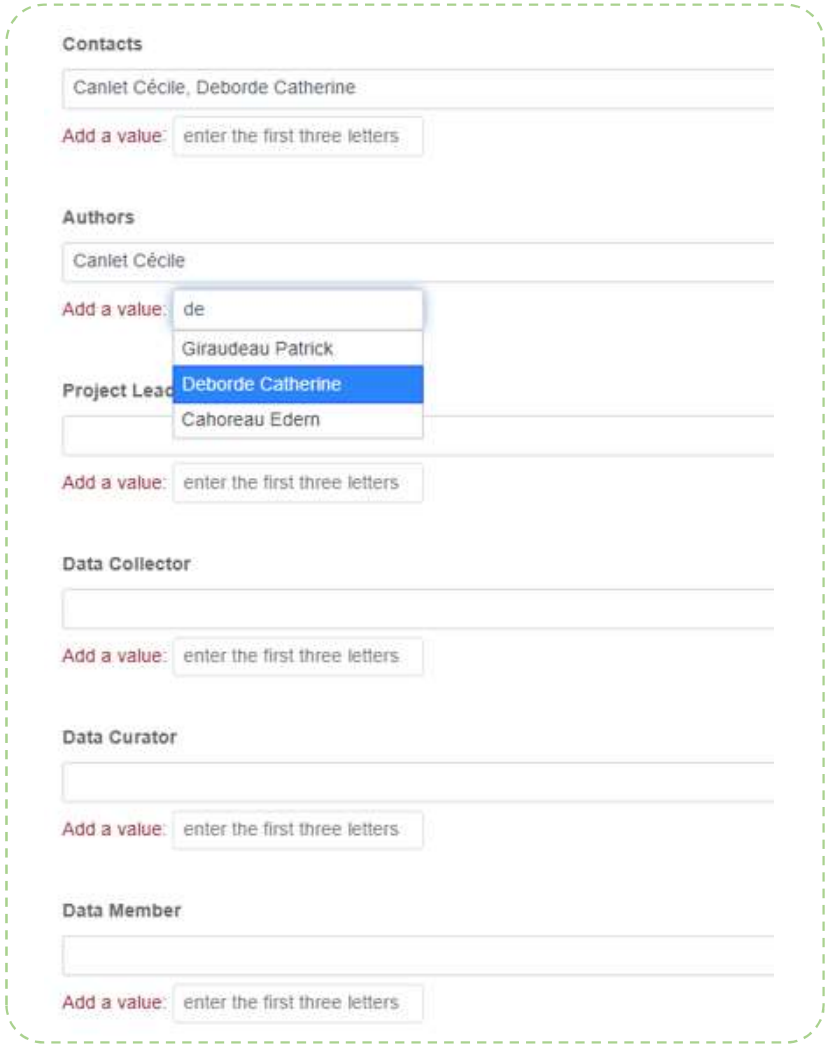
Metadata aggregation on data storage

Dictionaries



Push

Example : people

Thus, entering (by autocompletion) just the name of a person will allow the ORCID number, email address and institutional assignment to be associated when distributing metadata in Dataverse for example.

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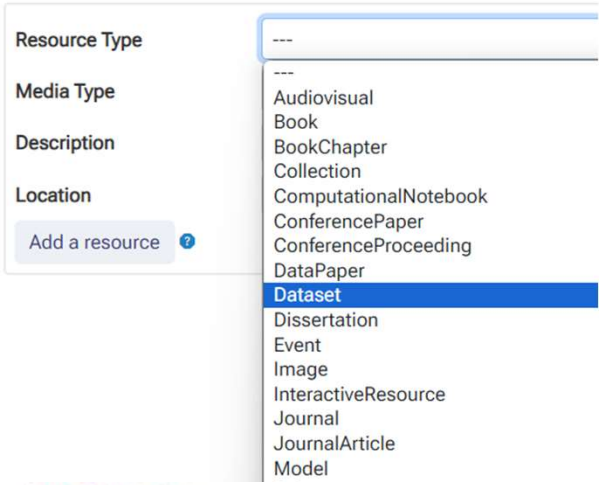
Metadata aggregation on data storage

External Resources

"Data Fragmentation"

Identifiers ID — Persistent and unique identifiers



RESOURCES

Type	Media	Description	Location
JournalArticle		Journal of Experimental Botany, Oxford University Press, 2020	http://doi.org/10.1093/jxb/eraa302
Collection		ODAM Experimental data tables	https://pmb-bordeaux.fr/dataexplorer/?dc=Frimouss
Report	application/pdf	Fruit Growth Modelling	https://pmb-bordeaux.fr/getdata/pdf/Frimouss/FruitGrowthModelling.pdf
Software		Growth modeling applied to several fruit species	https://github.com/djacob65/growthmodel

We can also define external resources (URL links) relating to documents, publications or other related data.
Maggot thus becomes a hub for your datasets connecting different resources, local and external.

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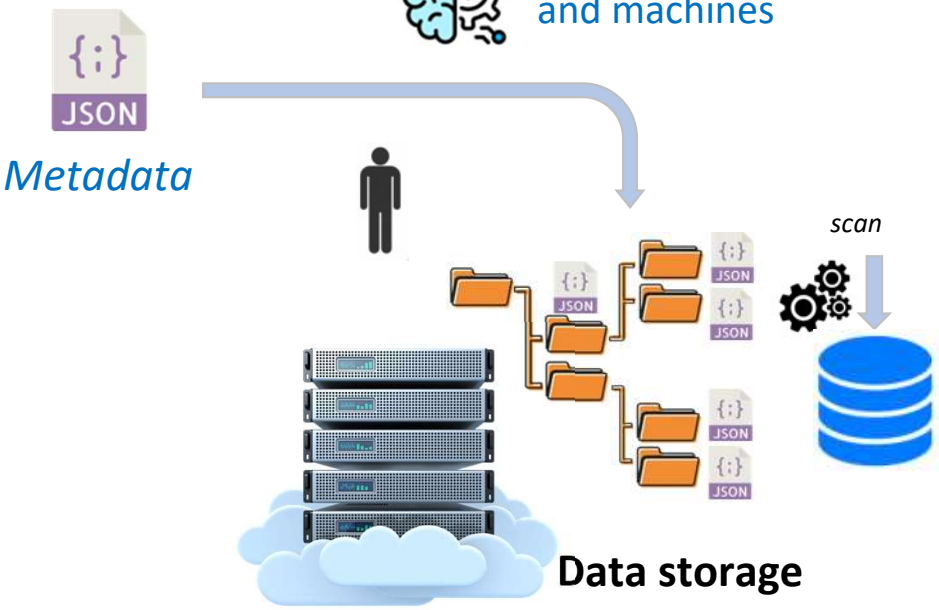
Metadata aggregation on data storage

Formats

Format for interoperability purposes.

As output we produce a file in the format **JSON**

readable by both humans and machines



Infrastructure
Local, Remote or Mixte

Local (meta)data repository

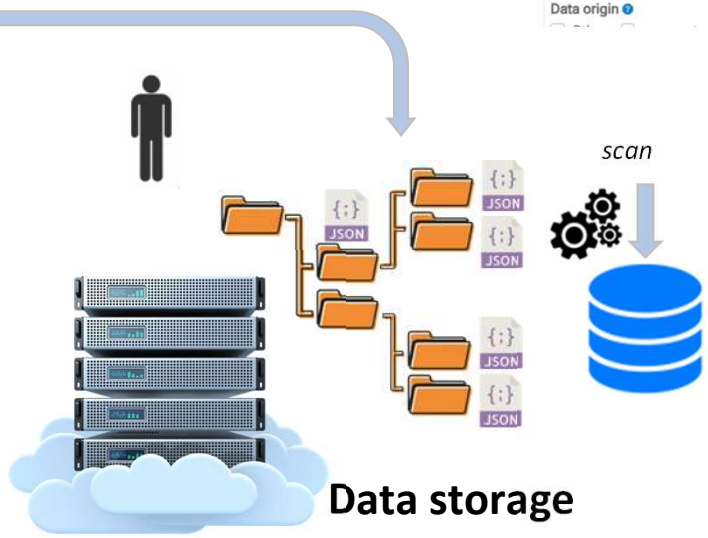
Storage space becomes the data repository

Maggot

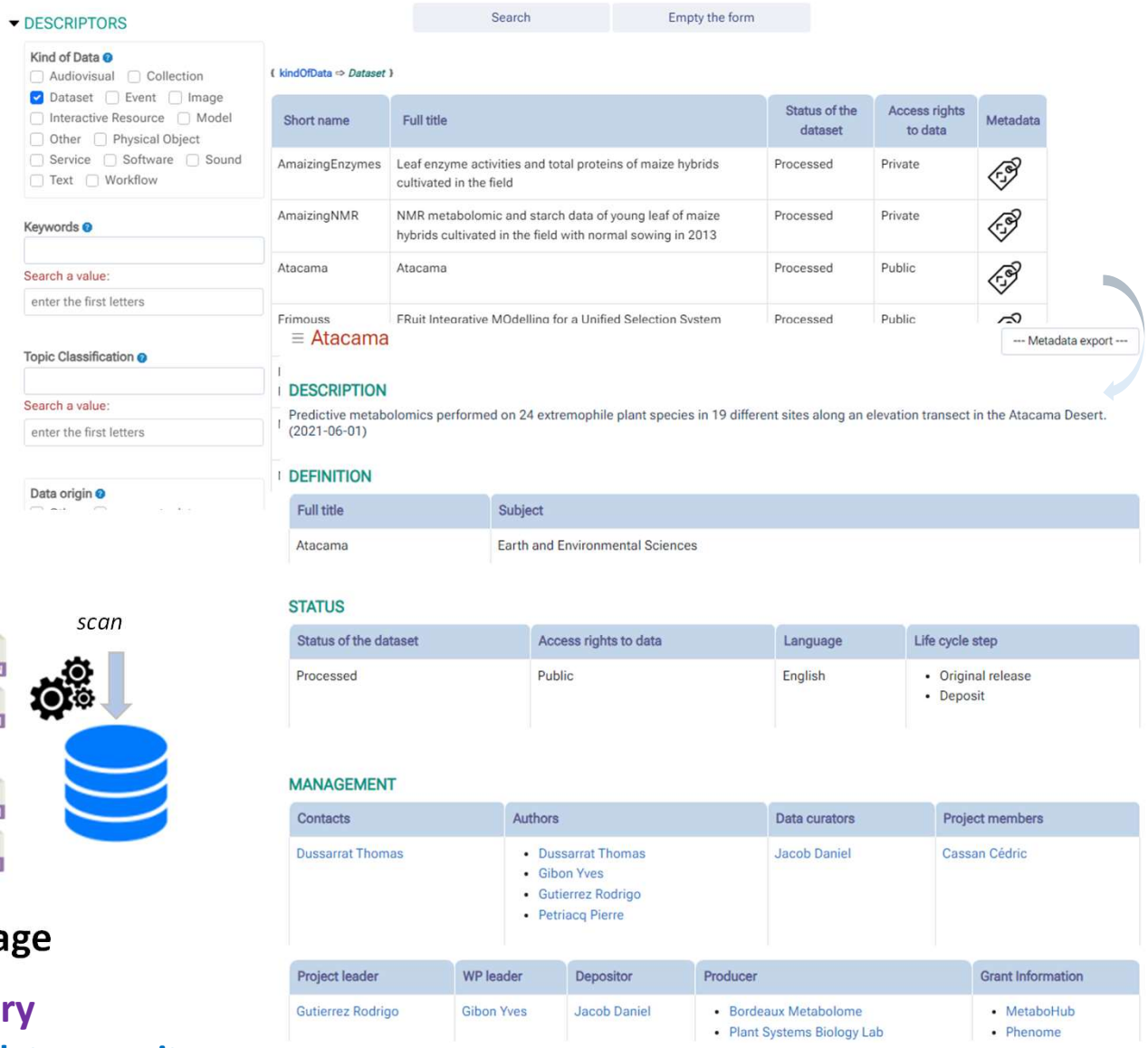
Metadata aggregation on data storage

Share & Search
(meta)data

Metadata



Local (meta)data repository
Storage space becomes the data repository



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Metadata aggregation on data storage

Possible **access** to data

Maggot Data Browser

Username

Password

Je ne suis pas un robot

Login

JSON

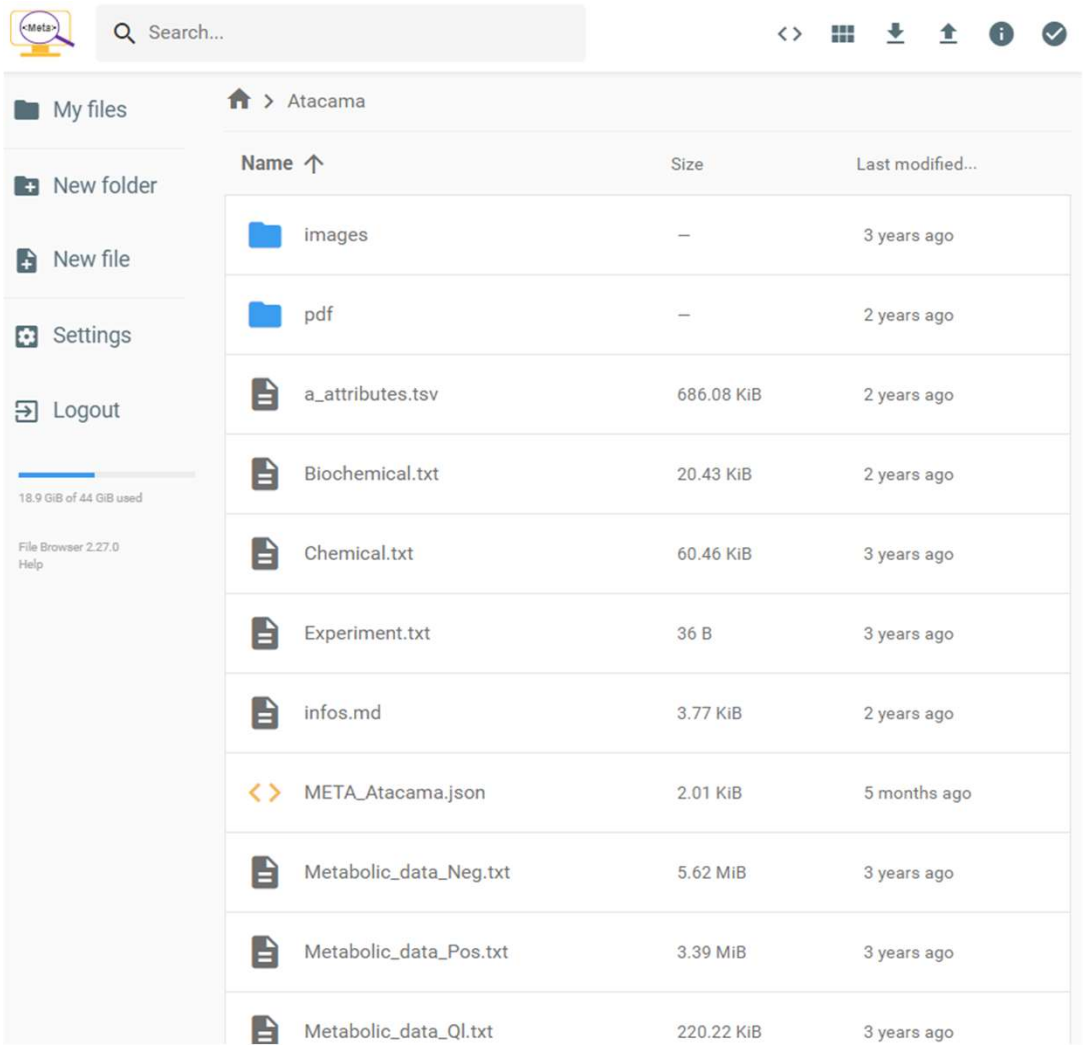
Metadata

scan

Data storage

Local (meta)data repository

Storage space becomes the data repository



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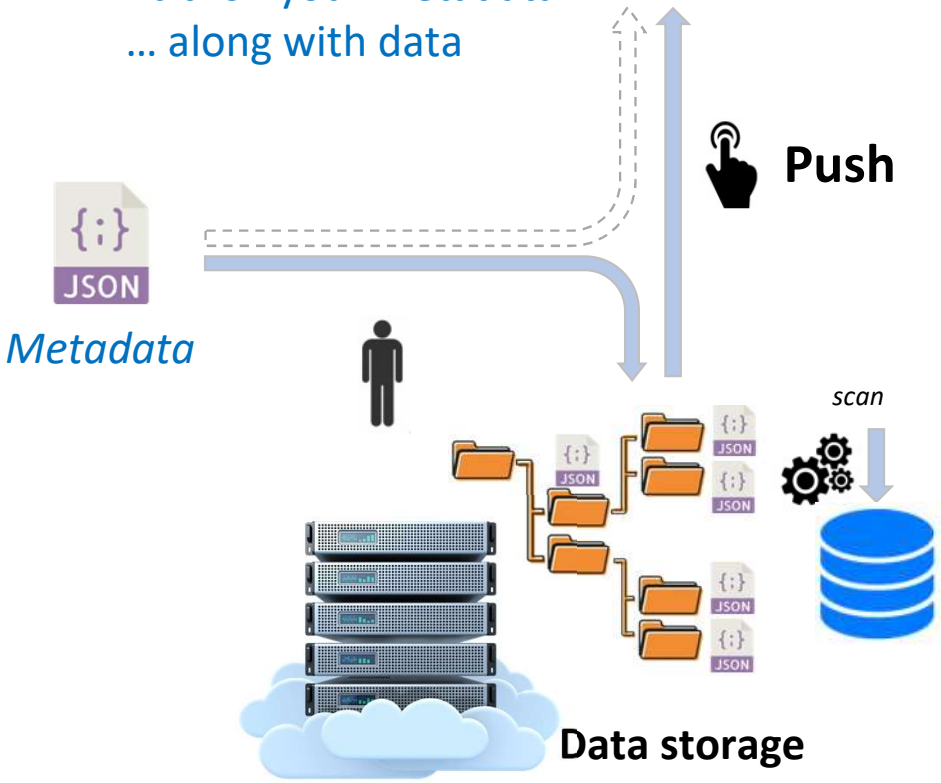
Metadata aggregation on data storage

Institutional data repositories

The Dataverse Project / zenodo

⇒ Have the privileges to do so (creation/modification rights).

Publish your metadata
… along with data



Local (meta)data repository

Storage space becomes the data repository

Citation Metadata

Dataset Persistent ID	doi:10.82233/FK2/3MHHX6
Title	FRIM - Fruit Integrative Modelling
Other ID	Maggot: frim1
Contact	Use email button above to contact. Gibon Yves (INRAE)
Author	Bénard Camille (INRAE) Biais Benoit (INRAE) Beauvoit Bertrand (Univ. Bordeaux) - ORCID: 0000-0002-7666-6429 Colombié Sophie (INRAE)
Contributor	Data Collector : Bénard Camille (INRAE) Data Collector : Biais Benoit (INRAE) Data Collector : Ballias Patricia (INRAE) Data Collector : Maucourt Mickaël (Univ. Bordeaux) Data Curator : Moing Annick (INRAE) - ORCID: 0000-0003-1144-3600 Data Curator : Jacob Daniel (INRAE) - ORCID: 0000-0002-6687-7169 Project Leader : Gibon Yves (INRAE) - ORCID: 0000-0001-8161-1089 Work Package Leader : Vercambre Gilles (INRAE) - ORCID: 0000-0001-6486-9547
Producer	Bordeaux Metabolome (INRAE) https://metabolome.cgfb.u-bordeaux.fr/
Language	English
Subject	Computer and Information Science; Medicine, Health and Life Sciences
Keyword	tomato http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/NCBITaxon_4081 (EFO) fruit growth http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/PO_0009001 (EFO) experimental measurement http://www.ebi.ac.uk/efo/EFO_0001444 (EFO)
Topic Classification	fruit growth (thesaurus-inrae) http://opendata.inrae.fr/thesaurusINRAE/c_7655 plant health (thesaurus-inrae) http://opendata.inrae.fr/thesaurusINRAE/c_11833 omics (thesaurus-inrae) http://opendata.inrae.fr/thesaurusINRAE/c_e3728dc6 computer analysis (thesaurus-inrae) http://opendata.inrae.fr/thesaurusINRAE/c_16182
Data Type	Dataset
Data Origin	experimental data
Life cycle step	Study design; Data collection
Related Publication	Biais B, Bénard C, Beauvoit B, Colombié S, Prodhomme D, Ménard G, Bernillon S, Gehl B, Gautier H, Ballias P, Mazat J-P, Sweetlove L, Génard M, Gibon Y. 2014. Remarkable reproducibility of enzyme activity profiles in tomato fruits grown under contrasting environments provides a roadmap for studies of fruit metabolism. Plant Physiology 164, 1204-1221 doi: 10.1104/pp.113.231241 https://doi.org/10.1104/pp.113.231241
Other Reference	Experimental data tables: ODAM dataexplorer, https://pmb-bordeaux.fr/dataexplorer/?ds=frim1; Article: Beauvoit et al (2014) Plant Cell 26: 3224–3242 , https://doi.org/10.1105/tpc.114.127761; Article: Bénard et al (2015) Journal of Experimental Botany Vol. 66, No. 11 pp. 3391–3404, https://doi.org/10.1093/jxb/erv151; Article: Colombié el al (2015) Plant Physiology 180, 1709–1724 , https://doi.org/10.1104/pp.19.00086
Funding Information	ANR: ANR-11-INBS-0010 ANR: ANR-11-INBS-0012
Depositor	Jacob Daniel
Deposit Date	2023-04-04

{ Mapping }

people — CVLIST

producer — CVLIST

bponto — BioPortal

voinrae — SKOSMOS

grant — CVLIST

Maggot

Metadata aggregation on data storage

Institutional data repositories

The Dataverse Project / zenodo

Publish your metadata
… along with data

Push

JSON

Metadata

scan

Share & Search
(meta)data

Data storage

Local (meta)data repository

Storage space becomes the data repository

Allow machines to collect metadata

XML

Open Archives Initiative Protocol for Metadata Harvesting

Dublin Core

API

Findable Accessible Interoperable Reusable

Interoperability

JSON-LD

Linked Open Data

« Climb the LOD mountain»
gently, and step by step.

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Metadata aggregation on data storage

Configuration flexibility

Metadata management (local repository)

TSV Definition of terminology

TSV Metadata documentation

Metadata crosswalks (remote repository and/or metadata harvesting)

TSV Definitions of mapping to Dataverse To Zenodo

TSV Definitions of mapping to JSON-LD to OAI-PMH

What to describe & how to describe it

Metadata Schema DDI

Controled Vocabulary

AgroPortal, BioPortal,
VOINRAE, LOTERRE, ONTOSTACK, …

Repositories & export formats

The Dataverse Project

zenodo

JSON-LD

…

Maggot

Metadata aggregation on data storage

The Maggot tool allows a collective to :

- **Have visibility** of what is produced within the collective
  - datasets, software, databases, images, sounds, videos, analyses, codes, ...
  - ⇒ **share metadata**

- **Raise awareness** among newcomers and students about a better description of what they produce
  - Limit data loss (after temporary staff leave)

- **Promote FAIR** within the collective
  - particularly as part of a quality approach

https://pmb-bordeaux.fr/maggot/

https://inrae.github.io/pgd-mmdt/

Meet Open Data requirements

This is not necessarily making data to open access without conditions, but rather

1. **provide access to metadata** defining the conditions of access and use of data,
2. **open the data beyond itself,** i.e. that they can be interoperable.

So the data must be **as FAIR as possible**, …
…even if it is not possible to make them open.